

## 2-Oxo-4-trifluoromethyl-2H-chromen-7-yl 2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate

N. Haridharan, V. Ramkumar and R. Dhamodharan\*

Department of Chemistry, IIT Madras, Chennai, TamilNadu, India  
Correspondence e-mail: damo@iitm.ac.in

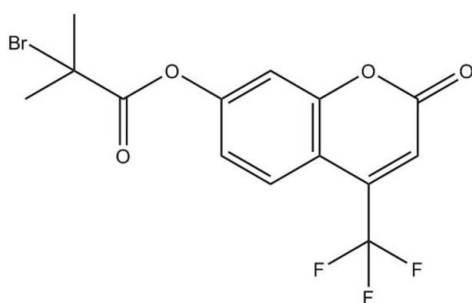
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.040;  $wR$  factor = 0.109; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.9.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{BrF}_3\text{O}_4$ , the coumarin ring system is almost planar (r.m.s. deviation =  $0.025$  Å) and a short  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{F}$  contact occurs. The propanoate fragment is orientated almost perpendicular to the ring [dihedral angle =  $71.80$  ( $12$ )°]. In the crystal, molecules are linked by  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bonds, generating  $[100]$  chains.

### Related literature

For the applications of the title compound in polymer chemistry, see: Sinkel *et al.* (2008); Matyjaszewski *et al.* (2008); Stenzel-Rosenbaum *et al.* (2001).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{10}\text{BrF}_3\text{O}_4$   
 $M_r = 379.13$

Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$   
 $a = 6.1842$  (4) Å

$b = 11.0297$  (6) Å  
 $c = 11.0619$  (7) Å  
 $\alpha = 99.982$  (2)°  
 $\beta = 91.797$  (2)°  
 $\gamma = 104.387$  (2)°  
 $V = 717.61$  (8) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 2$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 2.91$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 298$  K  
 $0.40 \times 0.26 \times 0.24$  mm

#### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2004)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.389$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.542$

9951 measured reflections  
3796 independent reflections  
2390 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.109$   
 $S = 1.01$   
3796 reflections

201 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.78$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.85$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C5}-\text{H5}\cdots\text{F2}$	0.93	2.47	3.019 (3)	118
$\text{C6}-\text{H6}\cdots\text{O4}^i$	0.93	2.52	3.261 (4)	136

Symmetry code: (i)  $x + 1, y, z$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: SAINT-Plus (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: SAINT-Plus and XPREP (Bruker, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

The authors acknowledge the Department of Chemistry, IIT Madras, for the X-ray data collection.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5450).

### References

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Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.  
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Sinkel, C., Greiner, A. & Agarwal, S. (2008). *Macromolecules*, **41**, 1067–1069.  
Stenzel-Rosenbaum, M., Davis, T. P., Chen, V. & Fane, A. G. (2001). *J. Polym. Sci. A Polym. Chem.* **39**, 2777–2783.

**supplementary materials**

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## 2-Oxo-4-trifluoromethyl-2H-chromen-7-yl 2-bromo-2-methylpropanoate

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### Comment

The title compound  $C_{14}H_{10}BrF_3O_4$ , is a monofunctional coumarin derivative, which is used as an initiator (Sinkel *et al.* 2008) in Atom Transfer Radical Polymerization (ATRP). Being a monofunctional unit it can form end-functionalized linear polymers (Matyjaszewski *et al.* 2008; Stenzel-Rosenbaum *et al.* 2001) when used as an initiator. Since most of the synthesized functionalized initiators are characterized by other techniques, their single crystal XRD reports are few.

The title compound is one such successful ATRP initiator which was crystallised from chloroform. It contains coumarin derivative with bromo methyl propanoate. The coumarin moiety is an important oxygen containing heterocyclic compound with diverse bioactivities such as non peptidic HIV protease inhibition and tyrosine kinase inhibition. Owing to such interesting properties, the synthesis of coumarin based initiators and their crystal structures are worth while to study.

In the title compound  $C_{14}H_{10}BrF_3O_4$ , the coumarin ring system is planar with the 2-bromo-2-methyl propanoate moiety almost perpendicular. The C—F bond lengths of 1.333 (2) Å, 1.324 (3) Å and 1.331 (3) Å are normal in this structure. One F atom (F1) lie in plane with the coumarin ring system and the other two F atoms are above and below the plane. The torsion angle of C6—C7—O3—C11 and C8—C7—O3—C11 are  $-114.21$  (3)° and  $71.42$  (2)° respectively. The crystal is stabilized by intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bond.

### Experimental

7-Hydroxy-4-trifluoromethylcoumarin 5 g (0.02 mole), triethylamine 4.83 g (0.04 mole) and THF (400 ml) were placed in a 3-neck round bottomed flask. Bromoisobutyl bromide 10.9 g (0.04 mole) was added slowly, using a syringe, with stirring, upon which a white precipitate of triethylammonium bromide was formed. The mixture was left to react for 6 hours, with stirring. Subsequently, triethylammonium bromide, the precipitate was removed by filtration and the THF was removed by rotary evaporation. The resulting crude product was dissolved in ethyl acetate, washed with bicarbonate solution and then with water thrice followed by brine solution and dried over anhydrous sodium sulphate. The resulting solvent was removed by rotary evaporation. The product was purified by column chromatography technique using 15% ethyl acetate in hexane as the eluent to obtain pure initiator as a bright white solid. Recrystallization of the compound from chloroform gave colourless blocks of (I).

### Refinement

All hydrogen atoms were fixed geometrically and allowed to ride on the parent carbon atoms, with aromatic C—H = 0.93 Å and methyl C—H = 0.96 Å. The displacement parameters were set for phenyl H atoms at  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$  and methyl H atoms at  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(C)$ .

## Figures

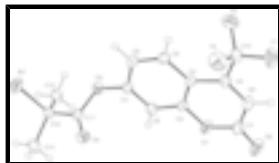


Fig. 1. View of (I) with atoms represented as 30% probability ellipsoids.

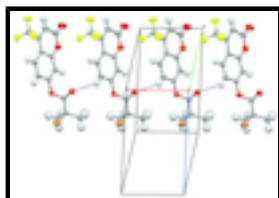


Fig. 2. The packing diagram showing the C—H...O interaction.

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### Crystal data

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Triclinic,  $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol:  $-P\ 1$

$a = 6.1842\ (4)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 11.0297\ (6)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 11.0619\ (7)\ \text{\AA}$

$\alpha = 99.982\ (2)^\circ$

$\beta = 91.797\ (2)^\circ$

$\gamma = 104.387\ (2)^\circ$

$V = 717.61\ (8)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 376$

$D_x = 1.755\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 3404 reflections

$\theta = 2.4\text{--}25.3^\circ$

$\mu = 2.91\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\ \text{K}$

Rectangular, colourless

$0.40 \times 0.26 \times 0.24\ \text{mm}$

### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
graphite

phi and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2004)

$T_{\min} = 0.389$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.542$

9951 measured reflections

3796 independent reflections

2390 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.022$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.8^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.9^\circ$

$h = -7 \rightarrow 8$

$k = -15 \rightarrow 14$

$l = -13 \rightarrow 15$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct  
methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.109$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.01$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0464P)^2 + 0.448P]$
3796 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
201 parameters	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.78 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.85 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes)

are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	0.06908 (6)	-0.04175 (3)	0.29516 (4)	0.06662 (16)
C1	0.2614 (5)	0.5339 (3)	-0.2219 (3)	0.0450 (7)
C2	0.4147 (5)	0.4806 (3)	-0.2966 (3)	0.0450 (7)
H2	0.4574	0.5118	-0.3675	0.054*
C3	0.4972 (4)	0.3873 (3)	-0.2666 (2)	0.0363 (6)
C4	0.4377 (4)	0.3379 (2)	-0.1559 (2)	0.0322 (5)
C5	0.5183 (4)	0.2437 (3)	-0.1127 (2)	0.0375 (6)
H5	0.6232	0.2098	-0.1557	0.045*
C6	0.4449 (5)	0.2007 (3)	-0.0080 (3)	0.0408 (6)
H6	0.4995	0.1385	0.0202	0.049*
C7	0.2881 (4)	0.2518 (3)	0.0548 (2)	0.0359 (6)
C8	0.2074 (4)	0.3459 (3)	0.0179 (2)	0.0386 (6)
H8	0.1041	0.3801	0.0622	0.046*
C9	0.2849 (4)	0.3880 (2)	-0.0872 (2)	0.0333 (6)
C10	0.6453 (5)	0.3300 (3)	-0.3523 (3)	0.0464 (7)
C11	0.0108 (4)	0.1442 (3)	0.1690 (3)	0.0361 (6)
C12	-0.0307 (4)	0.1167 (3)	0.2974 (3)	0.0389 (6)
C13	0.1076 (6)	0.2198 (3)	0.4010 (3)	0.0541 (8)

## supplementary materials

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H13A	0.2639	0.2317	0.3887	0.081*
H13B	0.0784	0.1940	0.4787	0.081*
H13C	0.0672	0.2983	0.4005	0.081*
C14	-0.2790 (5)	0.0855 (3)	0.3145 (3)	0.0516 (8)
H14A	-0.3331	0.1596	0.3129	0.077*
H14B	-0.3045	0.0591	0.3923	0.077*
H14C	-0.3569	0.0179	0.2493	0.077*
F1	0.6893 (4)	0.3893 (2)	-0.44723 (18)	0.0775 (6)
F2	0.8423 (3)	0.3353 (2)	-0.29621 (18)	0.0652 (5)
F3	0.5518 (3)	0.20819 (19)	-0.39741 (17)	0.0645 (5)
O1	0.2025 (3)	0.48421 (18)	-0.11926 (17)	0.0429 (5)
O2	0.1777 (4)	0.6161 (2)	-0.2441 (2)	0.0648 (6)
O3	0.2269 (3)	0.2130 (2)	0.16562 (17)	0.0452 (5)
O4	-0.1216 (3)	0.1118 (2)	0.08271 (19)	0.0498 (5)

### Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Br1	0.0781 (3)	0.0645 (3)	0.0835 (3)	0.04411 (19)	0.0312 (2)	0.0426 (2)
C1	0.0603 (18)	0.0383 (16)	0.0422 (16)	0.0201 (13)	0.0037 (14)	0.0123 (13)
C2	0.0613 (18)	0.0436 (17)	0.0361 (15)	0.0170 (13)	0.0083 (13)	0.0174 (13)
C3	0.0408 (14)	0.0373 (15)	0.0311 (13)	0.0087 (11)	0.0039 (11)	0.0083 (11)
C4	0.0354 (13)	0.0320 (13)	0.0301 (13)	0.0100 (10)	0.0012 (11)	0.0066 (11)
C5	0.0398 (14)	0.0386 (15)	0.0398 (15)	0.0179 (11)	0.0082 (12)	0.0103 (12)
C6	0.0420 (15)	0.0426 (16)	0.0436 (16)	0.0157 (12)	0.0015 (13)	0.0166 (13)
C7	0.0355 (13)	0.0419 (15)	0.0314 (13)	0.0071 (11)	0.0006 (11)	0.0141 (12)
C8	0.0399 (14)	0.0448 (16)	0.0359 (14)	0.0165 (12)	0.0090 (12)	0.0114 (12)
C9	0.0371 (13)	0.0322 (13)	0.0343 (14)	0.0136 (11)	-0.0003 (11)	0.0097 (11)
C10	0.0507 (17)	0.055 (2)	0.0388 (16)	0.0182 (14)	0.0111 (13)	0.0158 (14)
C11	0.0355 (13)	0.0387 (15)	0.0409 (15)	0.0163 (11)	0.0076 (12)	0.0150 (12)
C12	0.0410 (14)	0.0400 (15)	0.0434 (16)	0.0164 (12)	0.0110 (12)	0.0184 (13)
C13	0.063 (2)	0.062 (2)	0.0375 (16)	0.0097 (16)	0.0049 (14)	0.0203 (15)
C14	0.0483 (17)	0.0514 (18)	0.060 (2)	0.0164 (14)	0.0240 (15)	0.0162 (16)
F1	0.1027 (17)	0.1013 (16)	0.0556 (12)	0.0515 (13)	0.0434 (12)	0.0444 (12)
F2	0.0437 (10)	0.0907 (15)	0.0663 (12)	0.0224 (10)	0.0112 (9)	0.0201 (11)
F3	0.0773 (13)	0.0584 (12)	0.0548 (11)	0.0235 (10)	0.0128 (10)	-0.0077 (9)
O1	0.0573 (12)	0.0422 (11)	0.0403 (11)	0.0277 (9)	0.0093 (9)	0.0146 (9)
O2	0.0941 (18)	0.0559 (14)	0.0647 (15)	0.0455 (13)	0.0132 (13)	0.0270 (12)
O3	0.0371 (10)	0.0647 (13)	0.0372 (10)	0.0071 (9)	0.0029 (8)	0.0271 (9)
O4	0.0422 (11)	0.0607 (13)	0.0453 (12)	0.0078 (9)	-0.0033 (10)	0.0161 (10)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

Br1—C12	1.990 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
C1—O2	1.205 (3)	C9—O1	1.378 (3)
C1—O1	1.366 (3)	C10—F3	1.324 (4)
C1—C2	1.444 (4)	C10—F1	1.332 (3)
C2—C3	1.340 (4)	C10—F2	1.333 (4)
C2—H2	0.9300	C11—O4	1.181 (3)

C3—C4	1.447 (4)	C11—O3	1.368 (3)
C3—C10	1.507 (4)	C11—C12	1.520 (4)
C4—C9	1.391 (4)	C12—C14	1.513 (4)
C4—C5	1.404 (4)	C12—C13	1.529 (4)
C5—C6	1.375 (4)	C13—H13A	0.9600
C5—H5	0.9300	C13—H13B	0.9600
C6—C7	1.385 (4)	C13—H13C	0.9600
C6—H6	0.9300	C14—H14A	0.9600
C7—C8	1.373 (4)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C7—O3	1.400 (3)	C14—H14C	0.9600
C8—C9	1.382 (4)		
O2—C1—O1	117.5 (3)	F3—C10—F2	106.4 (3)
O2—C1—C2	125.6 (3)	F1—C10—F2	106.6 (2)
O1—C1—C2	116.9 (2)	F3—C10—C3	111.5 (2)
C3—C2—C1	121.9 (3)	F1—C10—C3	112.1 (3)
C3—C2—H2	119.1	F2—C10—C3	112.4 (2)
C1—C2—H2	119.1	O4—C11—O3	123.6 (2)
C2—C3—C4	120.6 (3)	O4—C11—C12	126.0 (2)
C2—C3—C10	119.4 (3)	O3—C11—C12	110.4 (2)
C4—C3—C10	119.9 (2)	C14—C12—C11	110.2 (2)
C9—C4—C5	117.5 (2)	C14—C12—C13	112.9 (3)
C9—C4—C3	116.5 (2)	C11—C12—C13	114.2 (2)
C5—C4—C3	126.0 (2)	C14—C12—Br1	107.64 (19)
C6—C5—C4	121.1 (2)	C11—C12—Br1	102.84 (17)
C6—C5—H5	119.4	C13—C12—Br1	108.4 (2)
C4—C5—H5	119.4	C12—C13—H13A	109.5
C5—C6—C7	118.8 (2)	C12—C13—H13B	109.5
C5—C6—H6	120.6	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
C7—C6—H6	120.6	C12—C13—H13C	109.5
C8—C7—C6	122.4 (2)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C8—C7—O3	119.5 (2)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
C6—C7—O3	117.8 (2)	C12—C14—H14A	109.5
C7—C8—C9	117.7 (2)	C12—C14—H14B	109.5
C7—C8—H8	121.2	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C9—C8—H8	121.2	C12—C14—H14C	109.5
O1—C9—C8	115.6 (2)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
O1—C9—C4	121.9 (2)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C8—C9—C4	122.5 (2)	C1—O1—C9	122.1 (2)
F3—C10—F1	107.5 (2)	C11—O3—C7	117.3 (2)
O2—C1—C2—C3	-178.7 (3)	C2—C3—C10—F3	-115.9 (3)
O1—C1—C2—C3	-0.5 (4)	C4—C3—C10—F3	61.5 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.1 (4)	C2—C3—C10—F1	4.7 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C10	176.3 (3)	C4—C3—C10—F1	-177.9 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C9	2.8 (4)	C2—C3—C10—F2	124.8 (3)
C10—C3—C4—C9	-174.5 (2)	C4—C3—C10—F2	-57.8 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-177.8 (3)	O4—C11—C12—C14	-20.7 (4)
C10—C3—C4—C5	4.8 (4)	O3—C11—C12—C14	159.3 (2)
C9—C4—C5—C6	1.5 (4)	O4—C11—C12—C13	-149.0 (3)

## supplementary materials

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C3—C4—C5—C6	-177.9 (3)	O3—C11—C12—C13	31.0 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.2 (4)	O4—C11—C12—Br1	93.8 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-1.6 (4)	O3—C11—C12—Br1	-86.2 (2)
C5—C6—C7—O3	-175.8 (2)	O2—C1—O1—C9	178.6 (3)
C6—C7—C8—C9	1.2 (4)	C2—C1—O1—C9	0.3 (4)
O3—C7—C8—C9	175.3 (2)	C8—C9—O1—C1	-178.9 (2)
C7—C8—C9—O1	-178.8 (2)	C4—C9—O1—C1	1.6 (4)
C7—C8—C9—C4	0.6 (4)	O4—C11—O3—C7	3.3 (4)
C5—C4—C9—O1	177.5 (2)	C12—C11—O3—C7	-176.7 (2)
C3—C4—C9—O1	-3.1 (4)	C8—C7—O3—C11	71.5 (3)
C5—C4—C9—C8	-1.9 (4)	C6—C7—O3—C11	-114.2 (3)
C3—C4—C9—C8	177.5 (2)		

### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C5—H5 $\cdots$ F2	0.93	2.47	3.019 (3)	118
C6—H6 $\cdots$ O4 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.52	3.261 (4)	136

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x+1, y, z$ .



Fig. 1

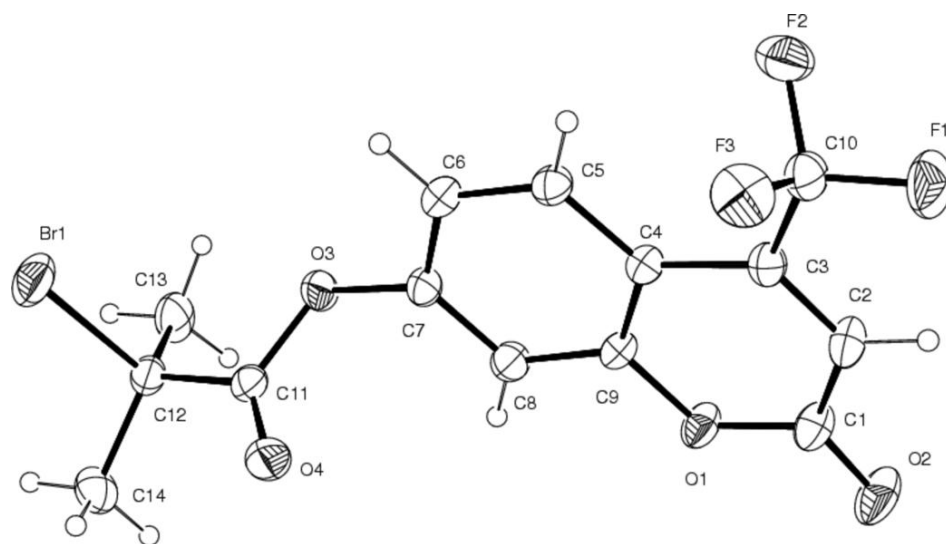


Fig. 2

